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2012 (A)

DISCRETE MATHEMATICS AND GRAPH THEORY

Time: 3 hours

12AK-250/220

Full Marks: 70

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(Turn Over)

Instructions:

- (i) The marks are indicated in right-hand margin.
- (ii) There are TEN questions in this paper.
- (iii) Attempt any FIVE questions.
- (a) If G is k-critical, prove that d=k-1.
 - (b) Prove that every planar graph is 6-vertex colourable.
- (a) Draw a complement of a graph. Draw K_c 3,4. If G is self-complementary, prove that d = 0,1 (mod 4).
 - (b) Prove that a vertex v of a tree is a cut vertex if and only if d(v)>1.
- (a) If G has a Hamilton path, prove that W(G-S)=|S|+1 for every proper subset S of V.
 - (b) Prove that $a' = \beta$ for bipartite graphs. 7

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- 4. (a) State and prove Schur's theorem. 7
 - (b) If G is 2-edge connected, prove that G has a disconnected orientation. 7
- 5. (a) With usual notation, prove that $t|K_n|=nn-2$.
 - (b) Explain the construction of H_{m,n} and prove that it is m-connected. 7
- 6. (a) Let $T = \{ \forall x \ p(x) \rightarrow p(f(x)) \}$. Find a model of T. Show that T is not valid.
 - (b) Let

$T = \{ \forall x \ p(x, \ x), \ \forall x \ \forall y (p(x, \ y)) \ \forall x \ \forall y \ \forall z$ $(p(x, \ y) \cap p(y, \ z) \rightarrow p(x, \ z)) \}$

Give two distinct models of T. Briefly explain any connection between the models.

- (a) Prove that sum of the degrees of the vertices of any finite graph is even.
 - (b) Show that every simple graph has two vertices of the same degree.
- (a) Show that a tree with n vertices has exactly n-1 edges.
 - (b) If u and v are two vertices of a tree, show that there is a unique path connecting them.

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Code: 105217

- 9. Show that any graph where the degree of every vertex is even has an Eulerian cycle. Show if there are exactly two vertices a and b of odd degree, then there is an Eulerian path from a to b. Show that if there are more than two vertices of odd degree, it is impossible to construct an Eulerian path.
- 10. For the following well-formed formula, give their meaning in English underproposed interpretation and state whether they are true or false. The interpretation I is defined as follows:

The domain of discourse is the set of non-negative integers, p_1 is =, f is +, g_1 is x, a_1 is 0 and b_1 is 1:

- (i) $\forall x \exists y (p(x, f(y, y)) \lor p(x, f(f(y, y), b)))$
- (ii) $\forall x \forall y (p(g(x,y)a) \rightarrow (p(x,a) \lor p(y,a)))$
- (iii) $\exists y (p(f(y, y), b))$

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