Code: 303403

BCA 4th Semester Exam. 2015

FILE AND DATA STRUCTURE

Time: 3 hours

Bull Marks Of

instructions:

- (i) The marks are indicated in the solutional margin
- (iii) There are SEVEN questions in its paper
- (III) Attempt FIVE questions in all.
- (it) Question Nos. 1 and 2 is compulsory.
- Choose the correct option/Answer/Fill in the __2×6=13 blanks (any sòd :
 - (a) The frequency count of the statement "for K = 3 to (m + 2) do" is
 - /印 (m:+2)
 - (iii) (m l)

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- (mi) (m + l)
- **布件 (m+5)**
- (b) For the array A with a = 220 as the base address, and the address of the element specified in A|-2:4, -6:10|
- The complexity of binary search algorithm is .____

(Turn Over)

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- (d) Linear search is performed on a sorted BITE'S
 - True
 - Palse
- What is the postfix equivalents of the given infix expression?

A * B * CD

(f) Find out the infix equivalents of the given postfix equipments:

> ABC*+Dakubihar.com

- (g) Reverse polish notation is the other name of ____.
- (h) Degree of a leaf node is _____.
- The depth of root node is _____
- A binary tree of height h has at least h nodes and atmost ____ nodes.
- 2. Answer any three of the following questions:

4×3=12

- (a) Compare among best case, average case and worst case complexities with example.
- (b) How to analyze recursive programs? Explain with an example.

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- (c) Give the advantages and uses of a circular linked list.
- (d) How does linked stack differ from linear array?
- (e) Explain preorder, postorder and inorder traversals of a tree with an example.
- 3. What do you mean by complete binary tree and extended binary tree? Construct a binary tree from the given inorder and preorder traversals:

Inorder: E A C K F H D B G Preorder: F A E K C D H G B

- 4. Define m-way search tree. How do insertion and deletion operations performed in an m-way search tree?
- Explain heapsort with an example. Also discuss its complexity.
- 6. Discuss the sequential representation of graphs. akubihar.com
- Explain linear search and binary search with example. Also discuss its time complexity.

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