### Code: 021306

# B.Tech 3rd Semester Exam., 2013

### STRENGTH OF MATERIALS

Time: 3 hours

Full Marks: 70

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#### Instructions:

- (i) The marks are indicated in the right-hand margin.
- (ii) There are NINE questions in this paper.
- (iii) Attempt FIVE questions in all.
- (iv) Question No. 1 is compulsory.
- Answer any seven sub-questions (select correct answer/fill in the blanks/give short answer): 7×2=14
  - (a) The total area under the stress-strain curve of a mild steel specimen test up to failure under tension is a measure of its
    - (1) Preaking strength
    - (ii) hardness
    - (iii) stiffness
    - (iv) toughness
  - (b) A bar of copper and steel form a composite system. They are cooled to a temperature of 25 °C. What type of stress is induced in the copper bar?
    - (i) Tensile
    - (iii) Compressive
    - (iii) Shear
    - (iv) Tensile as well as compressive

- (c) The planes of maximum normal stresses are inclined at an angle of degree to the plane of pure shear.
- (d) A shaft is to be designed on the basis of
  - (i) maximum allowable shear stress
  - (ii) maximum allowable angle of twist
  - (iii) both (i) and (ii)
  - (iv) torsional rigidity akubihar.com
- (e) In a simply supported beam carrying a uniformly distributed load over its entire span, slope is maximum at
  - (i) mid span
  - (iii) supported ends
  - (iii)  $\frac{l}{4}$  from either end
  - (iv)  $\frac{l}{3}$  from either end
- (f) The shape of the bending moment diagram for a cantilever beam carrying a uniformly distributed load is
  - (i) a straight line
  - (ii) an ellipse
  - (iii) a hyperbola akubihar.com
  - (iv) a parabola

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(g) In a thin cylinder, the ratio of hoop stress to longitudinal stress is

(i)  $\frac{1}{4}$ 

(ii)  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

<u>(iii) 2</u>

(iv) 4

(h) Maximum normal stress theory is used for

- (i) brittle materials akubihar.com
- (ii) ductile materials
- (iii) both ductile and brittle
- (iv) None of the above
- (i) Define strain energy of a material.
- (j) Define factor of safety of ductile material.
- 2. (a) Define the principle of superposition.
  What is its utility?
  - (b) A load of 1000 kN is applied to a reinforced concrete column of 600 mm diameter which has four steel rods of 40 mm diameter embedded in it. Determine the stress in the concrete and the steel. Take E for steel = 200 GPa and E for concrete = 15 GPa. Also find the adhesive force between the concrete and the steel.
- (a) Derive a relation between Young's modulus, modulus of rigidity and the Poisson's ratio.

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- (b) An axial tensile load of 60 kN is applied to a bar of 40 mm diameter and 1·2 m length. The extension of the bar is measured to be 0·275 mm, where the reduction in diameter is 0·004 mm. Calculate Poisson's ratio and the values of the three moduli.
- 4. Draw the shear force and bending moment diagrams for the beam as shown in Fig. 1. Locate the point of contraflexure if any:

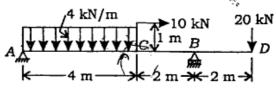


Fig. 1

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- 5. (a) State and prove the moment-area moment.
  - (b) Determine the maximum deflection of a simply supported beam of 5 m length and carries a load which varies uniformly from 15 kN/m at one end to 60 kN/m at the other. EI = 2 MN-m<sup>2</sup>
- A freely rotating shaft ABGDE as shown in Fig. 2 is suitably supported at A and D. The shaft is required to transmit power through belt pulley system. 300 kW is input at pulley B while 120 kW and 180 kW are taken

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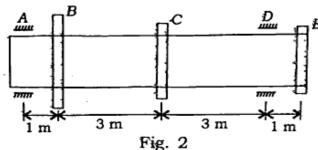
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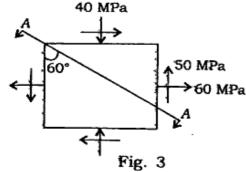
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out through pulley C and E respectively. If the shaft frequency is 32 Hz, G = 75 GPa, allowable shear stress for the shaft material is 50 MPa and allowable angle of twist is  $4^{\circ}$ , determine the diameter of the shaft.



- 7. (a) What do you mean by plane stress?

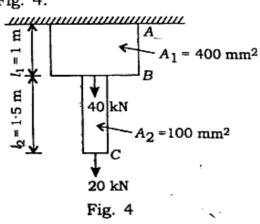
  Discuss the situation with example.
  - (b) The state of stress at a point is shown in Fig. 3.



Determine-

- (i) the principal stresses, maximum shear stress and its inclination;
- (ii) normal and shearing stress at the two plane A-A which makes 60° with the axis.

- 8. (a) Show that the volumetric strain of a thin cylindrical shell is the sum of longitudinal strain and twice of hoop strain.
  - (b) The maximum permissible stress in a thick cylinder of 500 mm diameter and of 100 mm thickness is 15 MPa. Find the maximum allowable internal and external pressures on the cylinder, when applied separately.
- 9. (a) Develop an expression for strain energy in a shaft subjected to torsion and show that the maximum strain energy in the shaft is twice the total strain energy.
  - (b) Calculate the total elongation of the bar ABC by applying Castigliano's theorem,  $E = 70 \times 10^3$  MPa, as shown in in Fig. 4.



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