

Code : 011307

B.Tech 3rd Semester Examination, 2016

Fluid Mechanics

Time : 3 hours

Full Marks : 70

Instructions :

- (i) There are Nine Questions in this Paper
- (ii) Attempt Five questions in all.
- (iii) Question No. 1 is Compulsory.
- (iv) The marks are indicated in the right hand margin.
- (v) Assume data if necessary with proper justification.

1. Choose the correct answer (any seven) : 2×7=14

(a) Discharge coefficient of a 'Venturimeter' is:

- (A) less than Orifice meter
- (B) approximately equal to 0.65
- (C) greater than Orifice meter
- (D) greater than 1.2

(b) Correct unit for Kinematic Viscosity is:

- (A) Ns/m² ~~(B)~~ m²/s
- (C) m/kg.s (D) kg/m²s

(c) For 2-D flow field, the equation of streamline is given as:

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- (A) $u/dx=dy/v$ ~~(B)~~ $dx/u=dy/v$
- (C) $du/dx+dv/dy=0$ (D) $dy/u=dx/v$

(d) The stream function for a 2-D flow is given by $\psi = 2xy + \text{constant}$ The flow between the streamlines (1,1) and (2,2) would be:

- (A) 4 units ~~(B)~~ 6 units
- (C) 8 units (D) 10 units

(e) Consider the Chezy's equation for the flow velocity through a channel: $V = C \sqrt{mi}$ where V is flow velocity in m/s, m is the hydraulic mean depth in meter and i is longitudinal slope of the channel. The dimensions of the Chezy constant C are:

- (A) $ML^{-1}T$ (B) $L^{1/2}T^{-1}$
- (C) $M^0L^0T^0$ (D) L^2T^{-1}

(f) Each term of Bernoulli' equation has the unit of:

- (A) Newton ~~(B)~~ Meter
- (C) Pascal (D) N/m²

(g) The equation of motion for a viscous fluid are known as :

- (A) Euler's equation
- (B) Reynolds equation
- ~~(C)~~ Navier-Stokes equation
- (D) Hagen-Poiseuille equation

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(h) Momentum integral equation for zero pressure gradient is given by:

- (A) $\tau_0 / \rho = U_0 d\theta / dx$
- (B) $\tau_0 / \rho = (U_0 d\theta / dx)^2$
- (C) $\tau_0 / \rho = U_0^2 d\theta / dx$
- (D) $\tau_0 / \rho = U_0 (d\theta / dx)^2$

(i) The pressure at the bottom of a water Lake is 1.5 times to that at half the depth. If the water barometer reads 10 m, the depth of lake is:

- (A) 10 m (B) 15 m
- (C) 20 m (D) 25 m

(j) The barnoulli equation refers to the conservation of:

- (A) mass (B) momentum
- (C) force (D) energy

2. (a) State the Newton's law of viscosity and give examples of its application. 6

(b) The velocity distribution for flow over a flat plate is given by $u = \frac{3}{4}y - y^2$ in which u is the velocity in meter per second at a distance y metre above the plate. Determine the shear stress at $y=0.15$ m. Take dynamic viscosity of fluid as 8.6 poise. 8

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3. (a) An inclined-tube reservoir manometer is constructed as shown in Fig. 1. Derive a general expression for the liquid deflection, L, in the inclined tube, due to the applied pressure difference, Δp . Also obtain an expression for the manometer sensitivity, and discuss the effect on sensitivity of D, d, θ and SG. 9

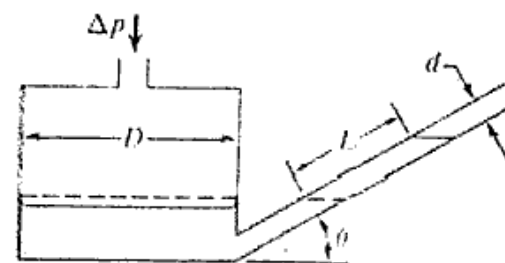


Fig. 1

3. (b) What is manometer? How are they classified? 5

4. (a) Derive an expression for the depth of centre of pressure from free surface of liquid of an inclined plate surface submerged in the liquid. 7

(b) Determine the total pressure on a circular plate of diameter 1.5 m which is placed vertically in water in such a way that the centre of the plate is 3 m below the free surface of water. Find the position of centre of pressure. 7

5. (a) Consider a flow with velocity components $u=0$, $v = -y^3 - 4z$, and $w = 3y^2z$. 7

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- i. Is this a one-, two-, or three-dimensional flow?
- ii. Demonstrate whether this is an incompressible or compressible flow.
- iii. Derive a stream function for this flow. 8

(b) What do you understand by 'local acceleration' and 'convective acceleration'? 6

(a) A 300 mm diameter pipe carries water under a head of 20 m with a velocity of 3.5 m/s. If the axis of the pipe turns through 45°, find the magnitude and direction of the resultant force at the bend. 8

(b) What is venturimeter? Derive an expression for the discharge through a venturimeter. 6

(a) When tested in water ($\rho = 998 \text{ kg/m}^3$ and $\mu = 0.001 \text{ kg/m.s}$) flowing at 2 m/s, an 8 cm diameter sphere has a measured drag of 5 N. What will be the velocity and drag force on a 1.5 m diameter weather balloon moored in sea-level standard air ($\rho = 1.2255 \text{ kg/m}^3$ and $\mu = 1.78 \times 10^{-5} \text{ kg/m.s}$)? 7

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(b) The drag force, F , on a smooth sphere depends on the relative velocity, V , the sphere diameter, D , the fluid density, ρ , and the fluid viscosity, μ . Obtain a set of dimensionless groups that can be used to correlate experimental data. 7

8. (a) In Fig.2 the flowing fluid is CO_2 at 20°C . Neglect losses. If $P_1 = 170 \text{ kPa}$ and the manometer fluid is Meriam red oil ($\text{SG} = 0.827$), estimate (a) p_2 and (b) the gas flow rate in m^3/h . 8

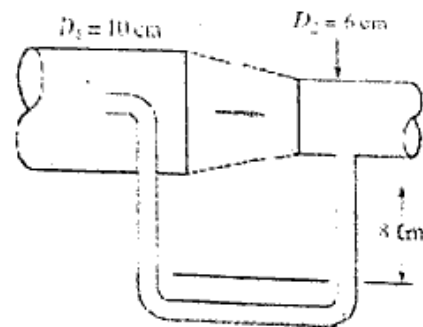


Fig. 2

(b) What do you mean by boundary layer separation? Discuss the methods of preventing the separation of boundary layer. 6

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9. Write short notes on following:

5+5+4

(i) Navier-Stokes Equation

(ii) Flow Net

(iii) Friction Drag and Pressure drag

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